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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/820,788	04/09/2004	Dominique Ligeois	Q81016	8716	
23373 SUGHRUE MI	7590 12/20/200 ON PLLC	EXAMINER			
2100 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, N.W. SUITE 800 WASHINGTON, DC 20037			ONEILL, KARIE AMBER		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	,		1795		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			12/20/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)		
10/820,788	LIGEOIS ET AL.		
Examiner	Art Unit		
Karie O'Neill	1795		

	Karie O'Neill	1795	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the o	orrespondence ado	lress
THE REPLY FILED <u>11 December 2007</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS	APPLICATION IN CONDITION F	OR ALLOWANCE.	•
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on this application, applicant must timely file one of the follow places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a No a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance time periods:	ving replies: (1) an amendment, aft tice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in	fidavit, or other evider compliance with 37 C	nce, which FR 41.31; or (3)
a) The period for reply expires <u>3</u> months from the mailing date	of the final rejection.		
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire to Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 7	ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailin (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THI	g date of the final reject	ion.
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of ex under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b) NOTICE OF APPEAL	tension and the corresponding amount shortened statutory period for reply orig than three months after the mailing da	of the fee. The approprinally set in the final Off	riate extension fee ice action; or (2) as
 The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exte a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed AMENDMENTS 	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the	
 The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, They raise new issues that would require further co They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below) 	nsideration and/or search (see NO		ecause
(c) They are not deemed to place the application in begappeal; and/or	tter form for appeal by materially re		the issues for
(d) They present additional claims without canceling a NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).		jected claims.	
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.1	21. See attached Notice of Non-Co	ompliant Amendment	(PTOL-324).
 5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s) 6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be a non-allowable claim(s). 		timely filed amendme	ent canceling the
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is pro The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: 1-11 and 13. Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:		ill be entered and an	explanation of
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE			
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, be because applicant failed to provide a showing of good an was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 			
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessar	overcome <u>all</u> rejections under appe y and was not earlier presented. S	eal and/or appellant fa See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(ails to provide a (1).
 The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER 	n of the status of the claims after e	entry is below or attac	hed.
 The request for reconsideration has been considered by See Continuation Sheet. 		in condition for allowa	ince because:
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s).13. Other:	(PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s).	MARK RU PRIMARY	THKOSKY EXAMINER
·		Muffeth	ty 12.18.07

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-303 (Rev. 08-06) Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: Applicant's principle arguments are:
(a) Applicant submits a definition of the term "concertina" found in the Webster's dictionary. "A concertina is a small musical instrument of the accordion type, with bellows and keys." Thus, it is the Applicant's opinion that "folded in a concertina manner" means that the lateral bands are folded in a zigzag or accordion like manner." The specification of the instant application indicates at page 5, lines 3-5 that "the folding of the lateral bands is carried out by repeated flattening of said bands by small successive passes of a hammer over the surface."
(b) Applicant argues that neither Cailley et al. nor Ura discloses lateral bands folded in a concertina manner. Indeed, Cailley et al. and Ura merely disclose lateral bands folded in a substantially perpendicular direction.

(c) Applicant argues that the solution of the invention is to fold the lateral bands of the strips of the same polarity in a sort of "concertina" in order to form a continuous plane base approximately perpendicular to the initial direction of the strips. The base thus formed constitutes a metal barrier allowing laser-welding of a plane connection. The metal barrier prevents the weld from falling inside the electrochemical bundle. Further, such a folding provides a "cushion" of material (copper or aluminum) which is thick enough so that the laser beam does not go through the thickness of the cushion during welding.

In response to Applicant's arguments, please consider the following comments:

- (a) The dictionary definition of "concertina" is not persuasive when used in combination with the description given from the specification on page 5, lines 3-5. The prior art reference, Cailley et al. (US 3,761,314), shows in Figure 4, electrodes are bent at an approximately perpendicular angle and form a base plane that lies against the surface of the cover (12) and bottom (17) of the casing. It is possible for the perpendicular shape of the electrodes to be formed from the repeated flattening of said electrode bands by small successive passes of hammer over the surface, therefore, the description from the specification is not persuasive to overcome the prior art. Cailley et al. still reads upon the claimed subject matter when given it's broadest, most reasonable interpretation.
- (b) See arguments in (a) above and the Final Office Action dated September 11, 2007 for rejection by Cailley et al. and Ura. Also, in response to applicant's arguments against the references individually, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See In re Keller, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); In re Merck & Co., 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986).
- (c) The rejections found in the Final Office Action dated September 11, 2007, in paragraph 7, describe folding the lateral bands to form a perpendicular plane base perpendicular to the initial direction of the strips, the base plane constituting a metal barrier allowing laser-welding of a plane connection. The description of the solution of the invention "the metal barrier prevents the weld from falling inside the electrochemical bundle. Further, such a folding provides a "cushion" of material (copper or aluminum) which is thick enough so that the laser beam does not go through the thickness of the cushion during welding", is not part of the claims and therefore is not considered. Limitations appearing in the specification but not recited in the claim are not read into the claim. See MPEP 2106.

